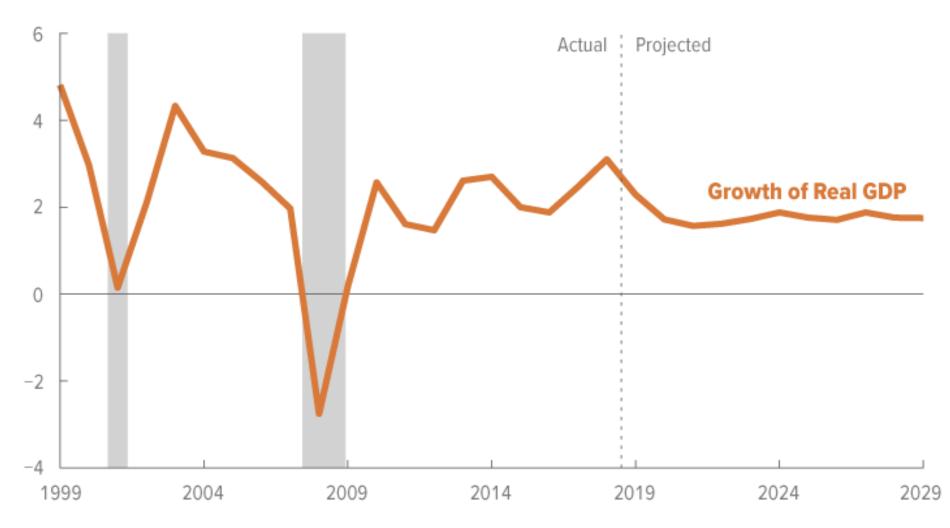
ОБЗОР ЭКОНОМИЧЕСКОЙ СИТУАЦИИ

АПРЕЛЬ 2019

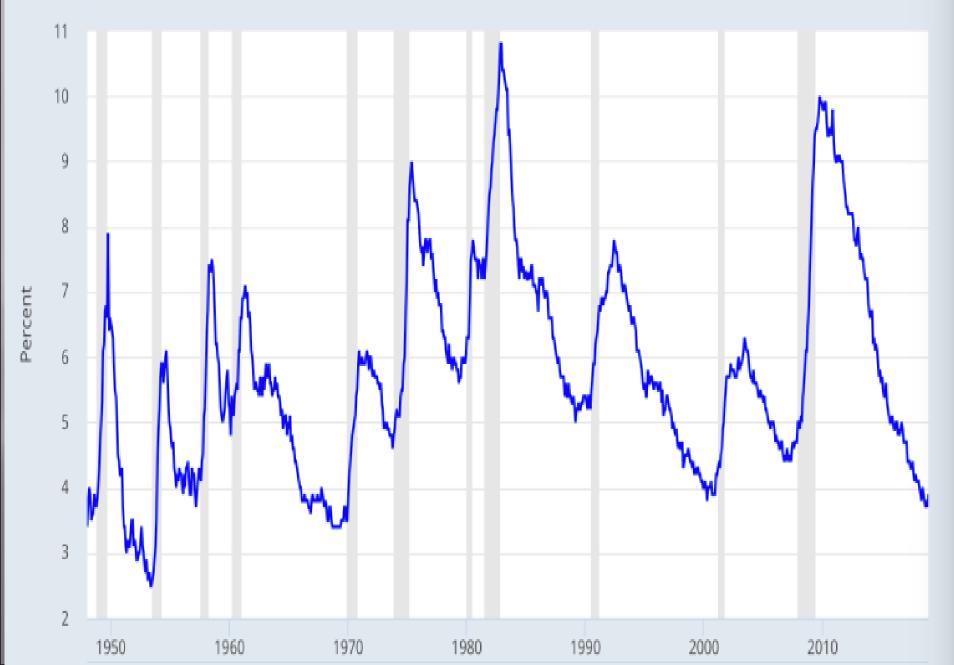
Леонид Вальдман

Growth of Real GDP



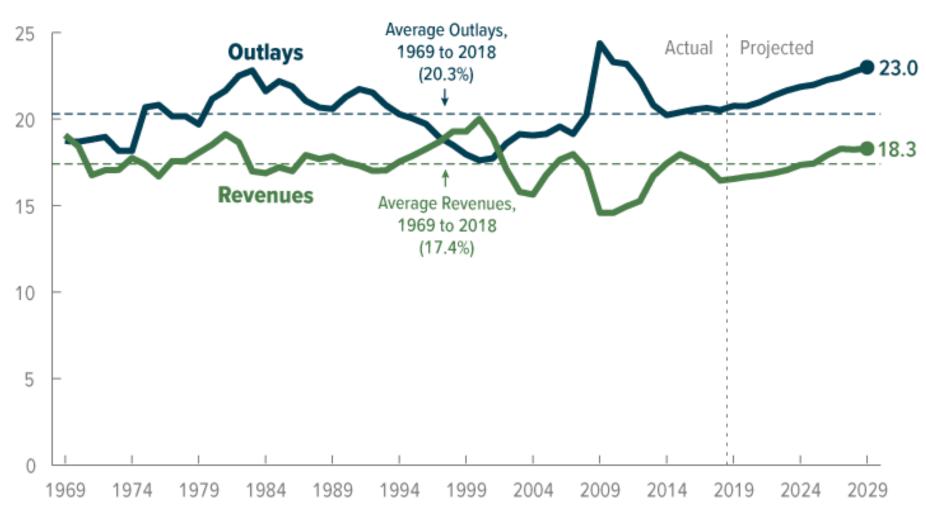


FRED — Civilian Unemployment Rate



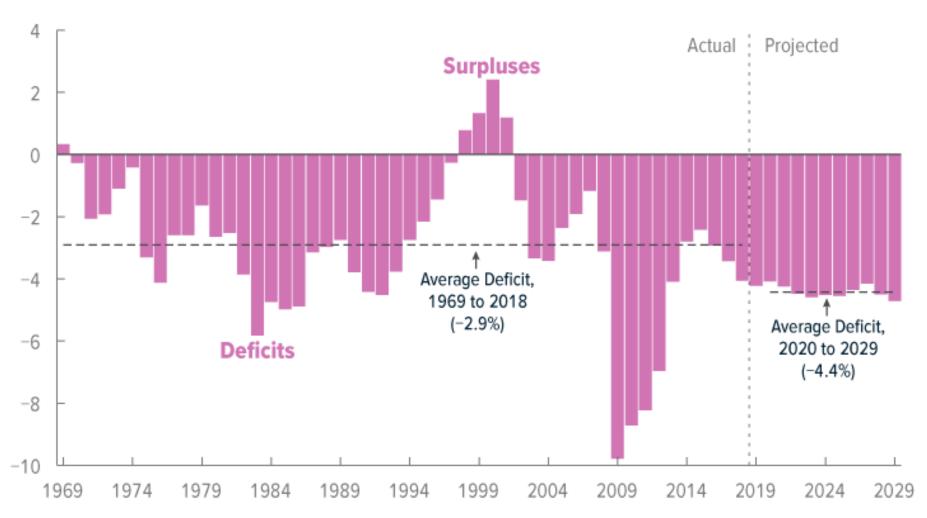
Total Revenues and Outlays

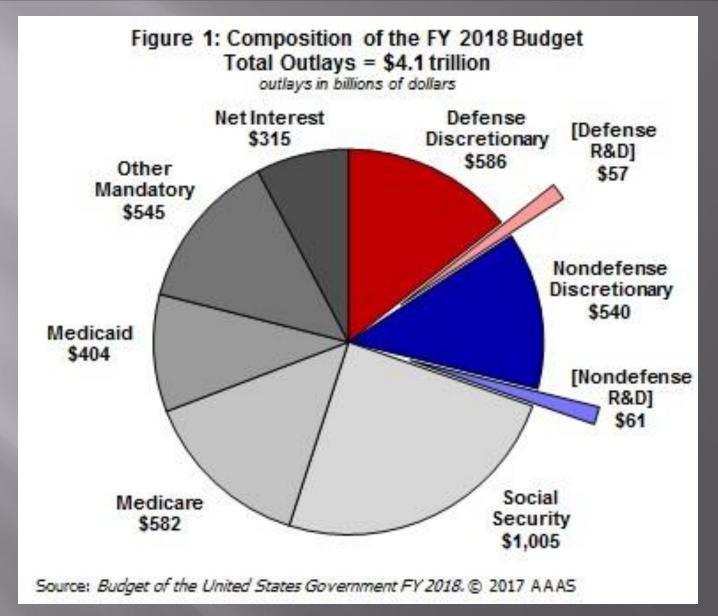
Percentage of GDP



Total Deficits and Surpluses

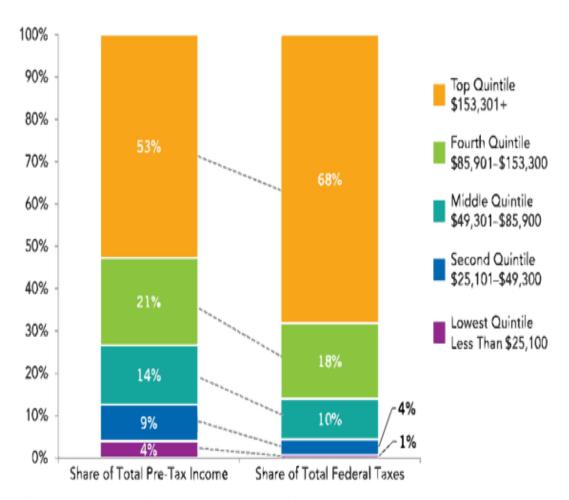
Percentage of GDP





Composition of the FY 2018 Budget Total Outlays = 4.1 trillion

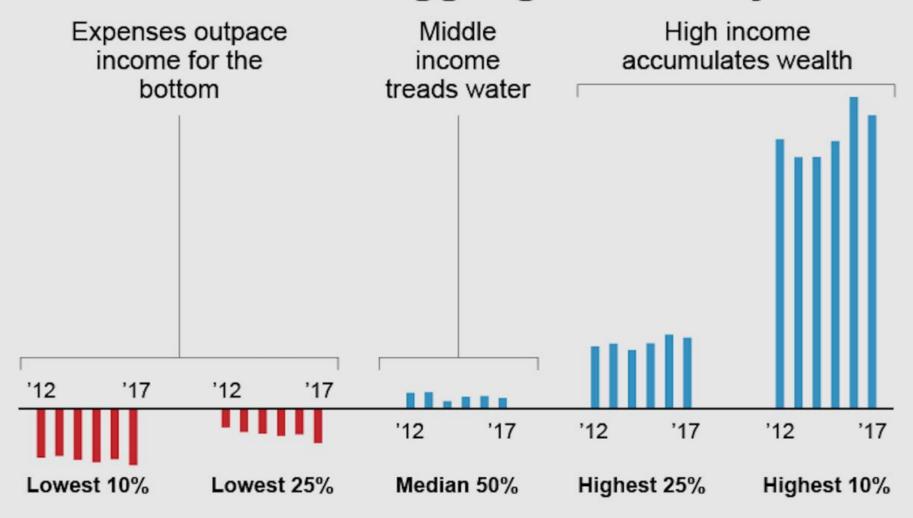
The top 20% of households get more than half of all pre-tax income and pay an even larger share of all federal taxes



SOURCE: Tax Policy Center, Baseline Distribution of Income and Federal Taxes, August 2018. Data are for 2018. Compiled by PGPF.

NOTE: Federal taxes include excise tax, estate tax, corporate income tax, payroll tax, and individual income tax. Quintiles are defined by households' expanded cash income in 2018. Each quintile contains one fifth of the population.

Lower-earners struggling the last 5 years



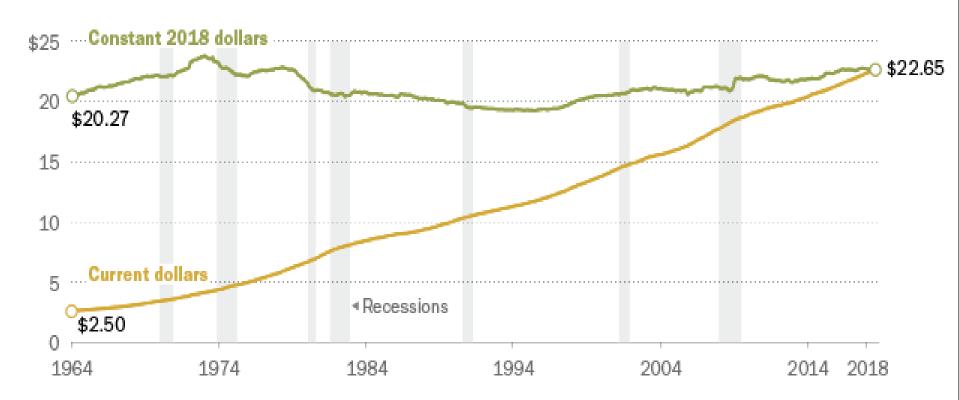
WAGE CATEGORY PERCENTILES



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Reuters

Americans' paychecks are bigger than 40 years ago, but their purchasing power has hardly budged

Average hourly wages in the U.S., seasonally adjusted



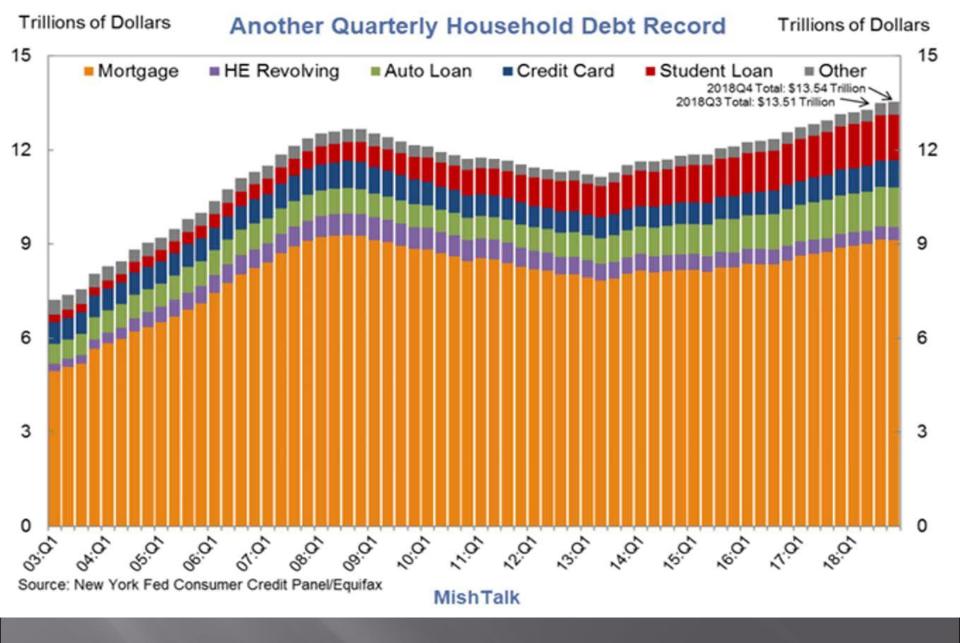
Note: Data for wages of production and non-supervisory employees on private non-farm payrolls. "Constant 2018 dollars" describes wages reported in the value of the currency when received. "Purchasing power" refers to the amount of goods or services that can be bought per unit of currency. Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

PEW RESEARCH CENTER

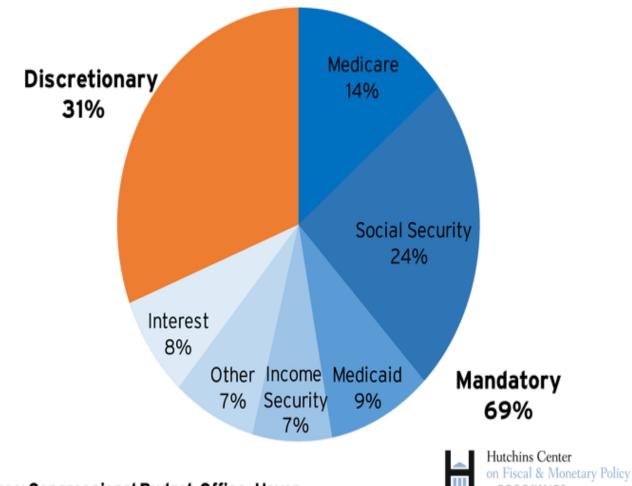
How Much Money Americans Have in Savings, 2014 - 2018

Select a year to see results:

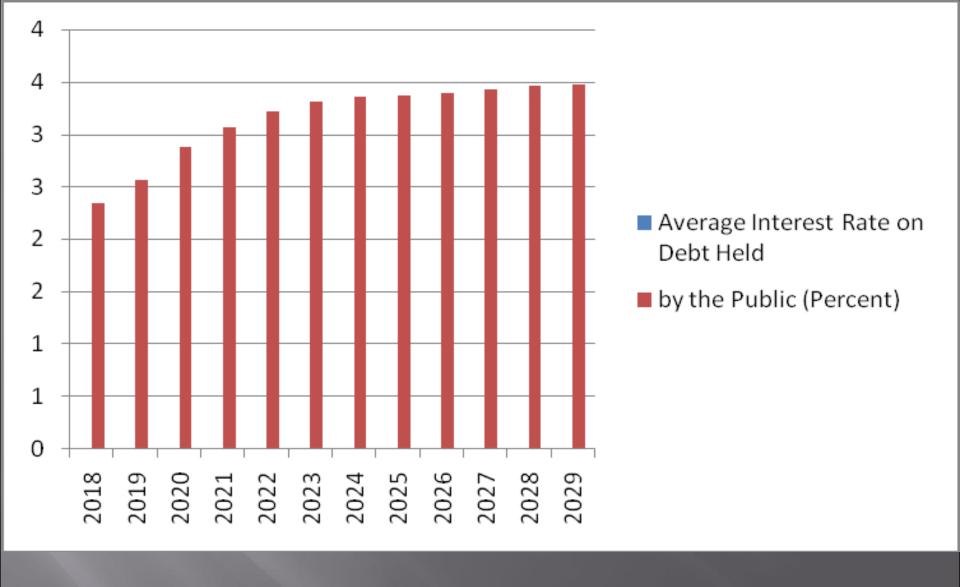




COMPOSITION OF MANDATORY SPENDING (2018)

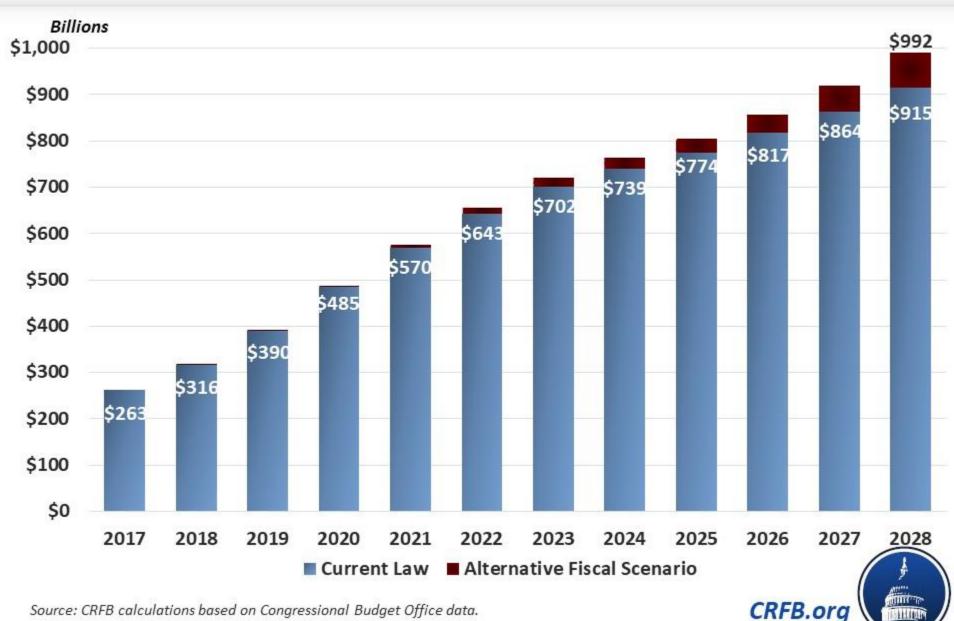


Source: Congressional Budget Office, Haver



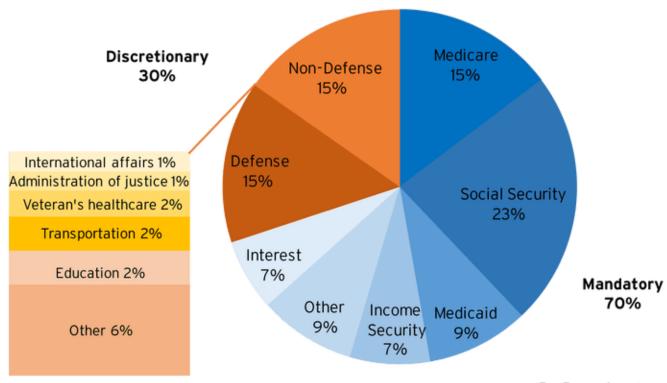
Average Interest Rate on Debt Held by the Public, %% (CBO)

Interest Spending Will Approach \$1 Trillion



Source: CRFB calculations based on Congressional Budget Office data.

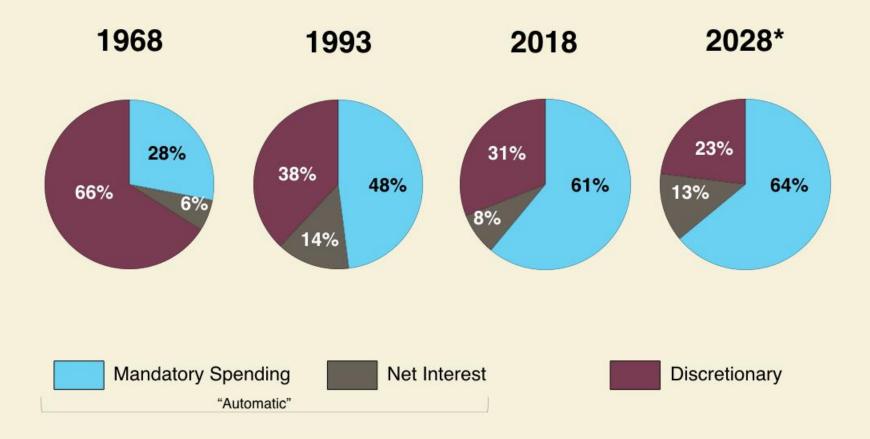
COMPOSITION OF DISCRETIONARY SPENDING (2017)



Source: Congressional Budget Office, Haver. Data are for 2017. Note: Numbers may not add up due to rounding.



Automatic Expenditures Are Consuming a Growing Share of the Budget

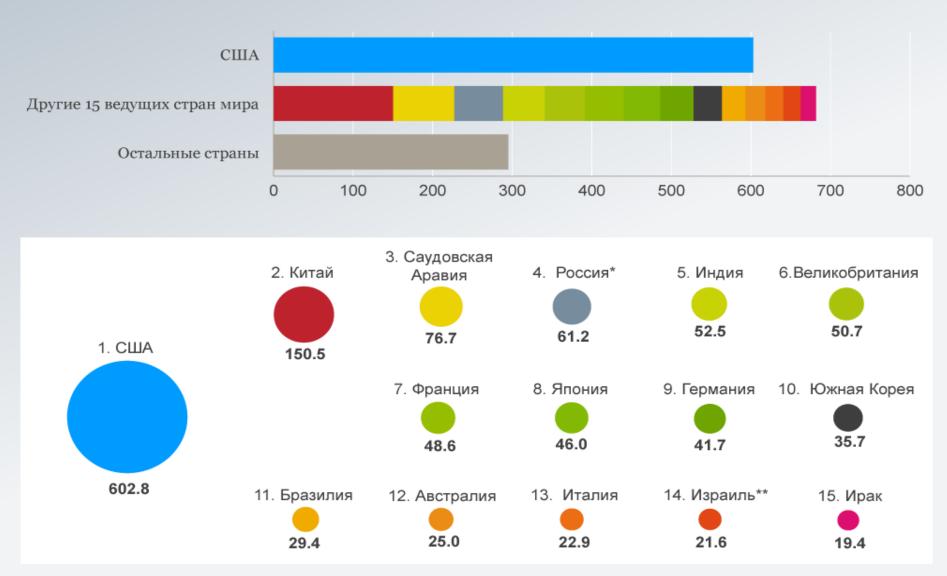


*Projected Source: Congressional Budget Office, April 2018.



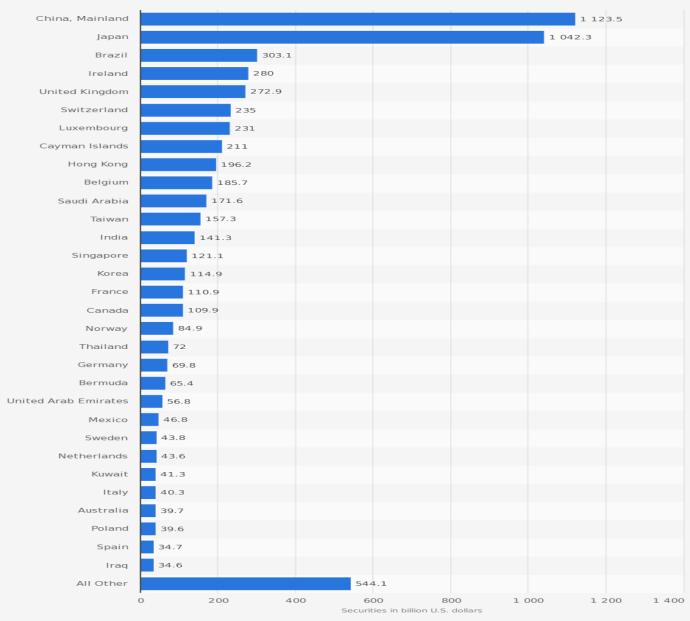
Эволюция бюджета США

Военный бюджет - 2017 год (US\$, млрд)



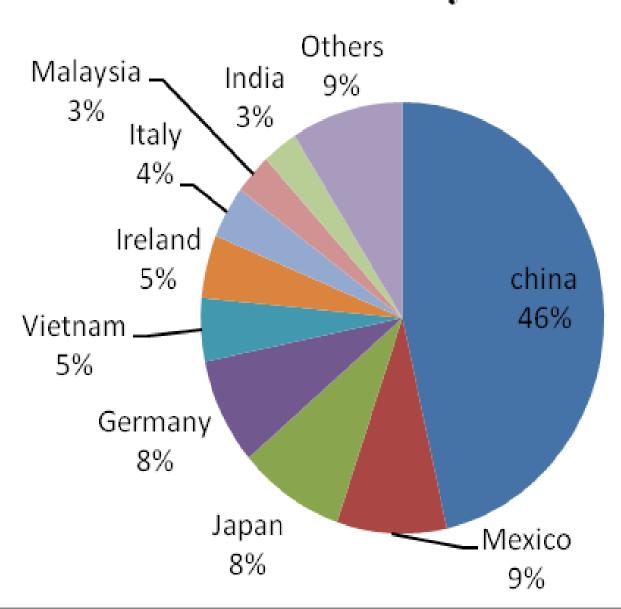
^{|*} В соответствии со стандартами расходов на оборону НАТО |** Включая военную помощь со стороны США

Major foreign holders of U.S. treasury securities as of December 2018 (in billion U.S. dollars)



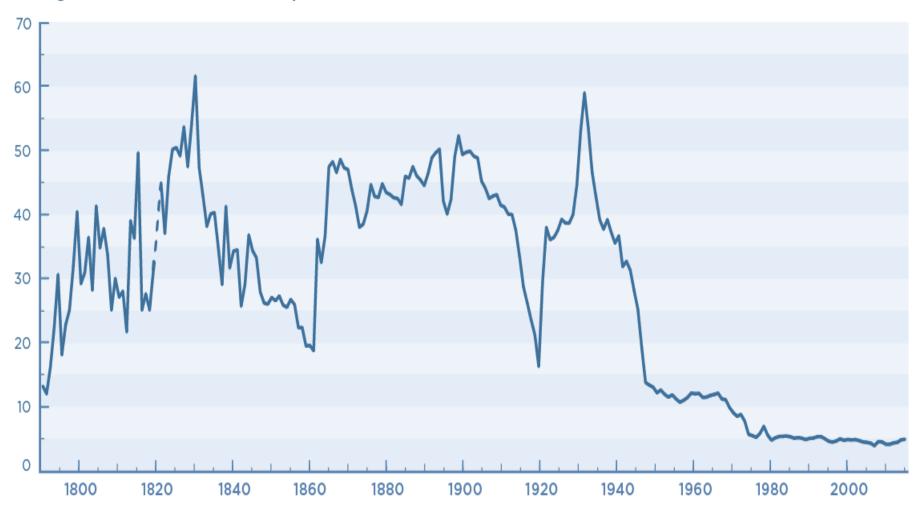
Sources Federal Reserve; US Department of the Treasury © Statista 2019 Additional Information: United States; December 20 18

Figure 3. Shares of US trade deficit in goods by country



US import taxes dropped considerably post-World War II

Average US tariff rates on dutiable imports (1790-2016)

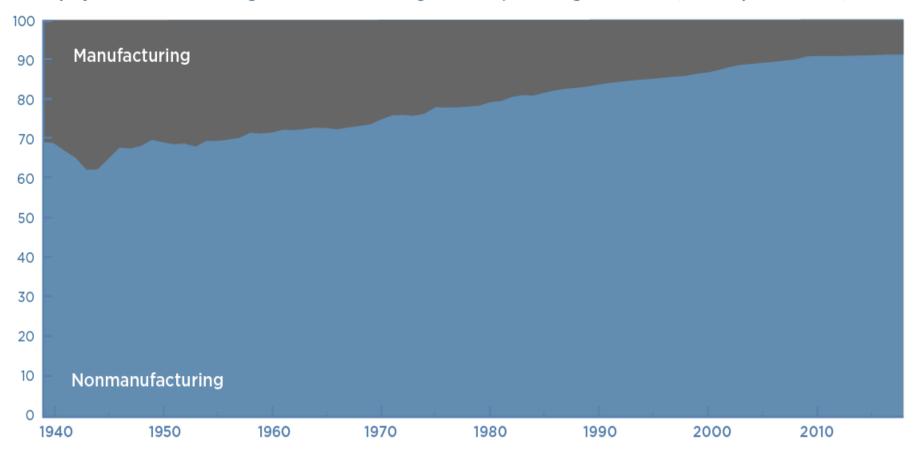


Note: Rates are weighted by trade value. Dotted line indicates years when data are not available.

Source: US International Trade Commission. Compiled by Douglas A. Irwin.

Since World War II, American jobs have increasingly been in service-providing industries instead of manufacturing

US employment in manufacturing vs. non-manufacturing industries, excluding farm sector (1939-September 2018)



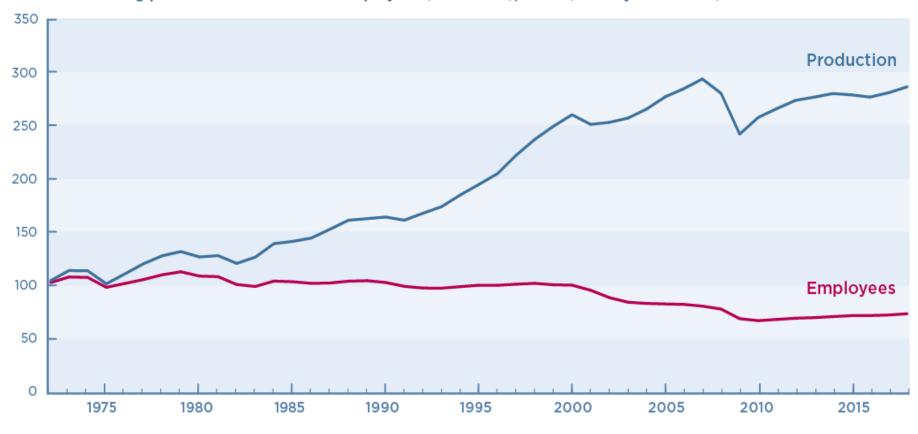
Note: Nonmanufacturing includes mining and logging, construction, private service-providing, and government

employment. Annual values are averages of monthly data.

Sources: US Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics.

US manufacturing production keeps growing but with fewer employees needed

US manufacturing production vs. number of employees (1972-2018), index (January 1972 = 100)



Note: Annual values are averages of monthly data.

Sources: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (US), "Industrial Production: Manufacturing (NAICS) [IPMAN]," retrieved from FRED, Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis on September 11, 2018 (https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/IPMAN); US Bureau of Labor Statistics, "All Employees: Manufacturing [MANEMP]," retrieved from FRED, Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis on September 11, 2018 (https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/MANEMP).

Global supply chains dominate world trade

World trade in intermediate vs. final goods as percent of GDP (1970-2014)



Source: Agustín Carstens, "Global market structures and the high price of protectionism," remarks at the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City's 42nd Economic Policy Symposium, Jackson Hole, Wyoming, August 25, 2018 (https://www.bis.org/speeches/sp180825.pdf).

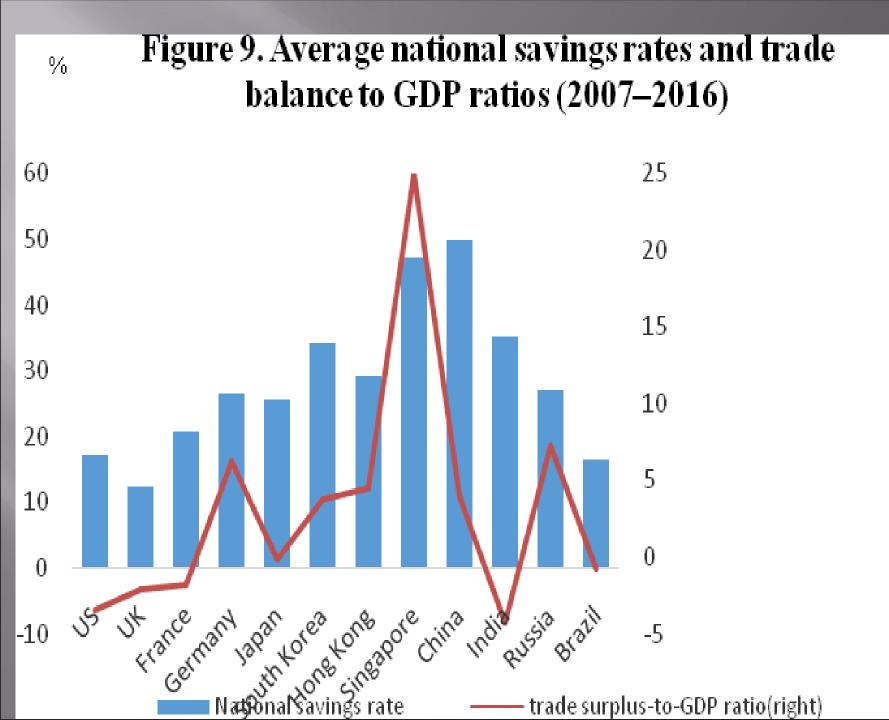


Figure 5. Share in exports of goods by corporate ownership

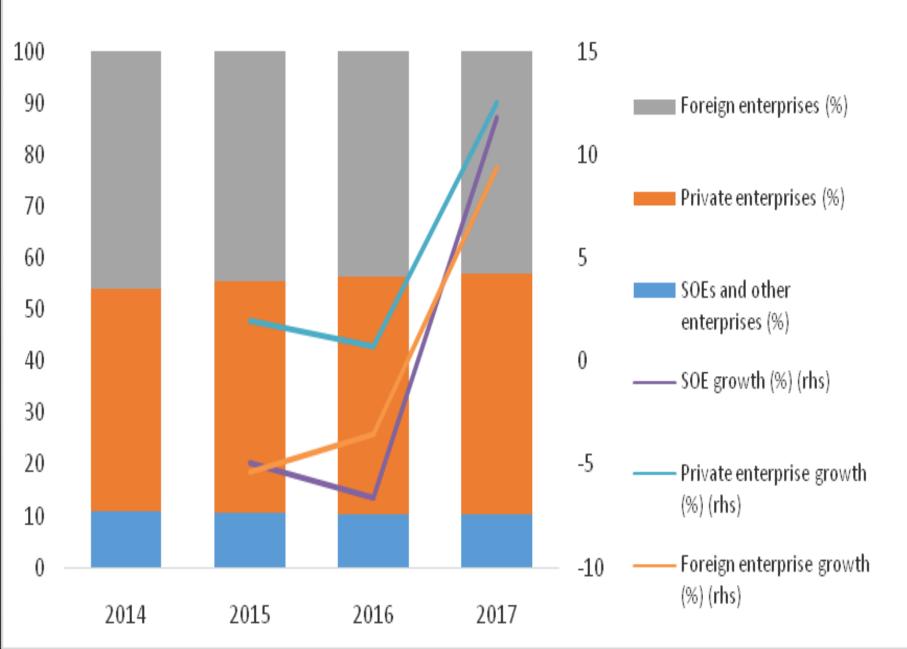
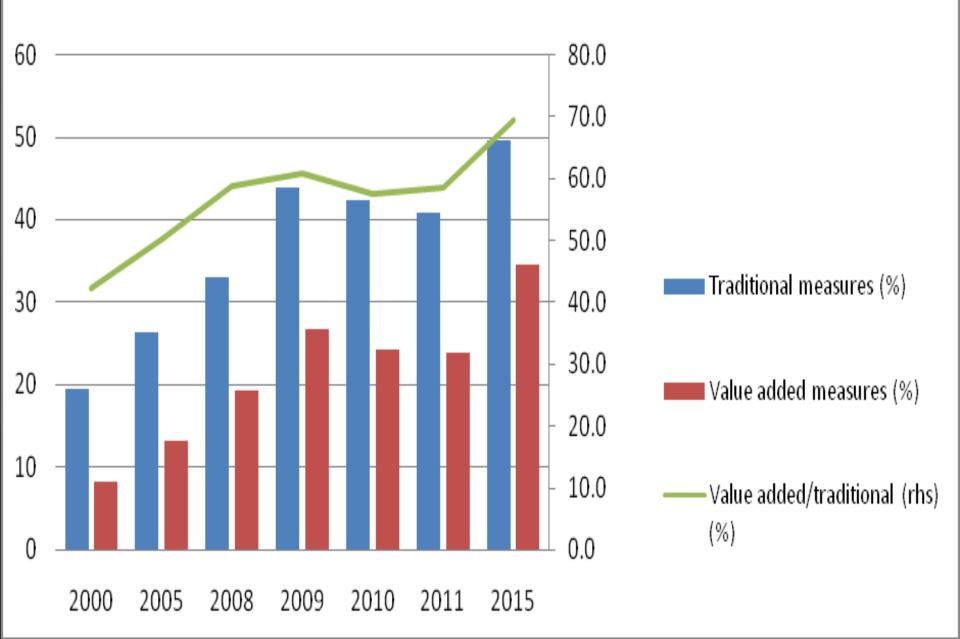


Figure 4. China's share in US trade deficit in goods

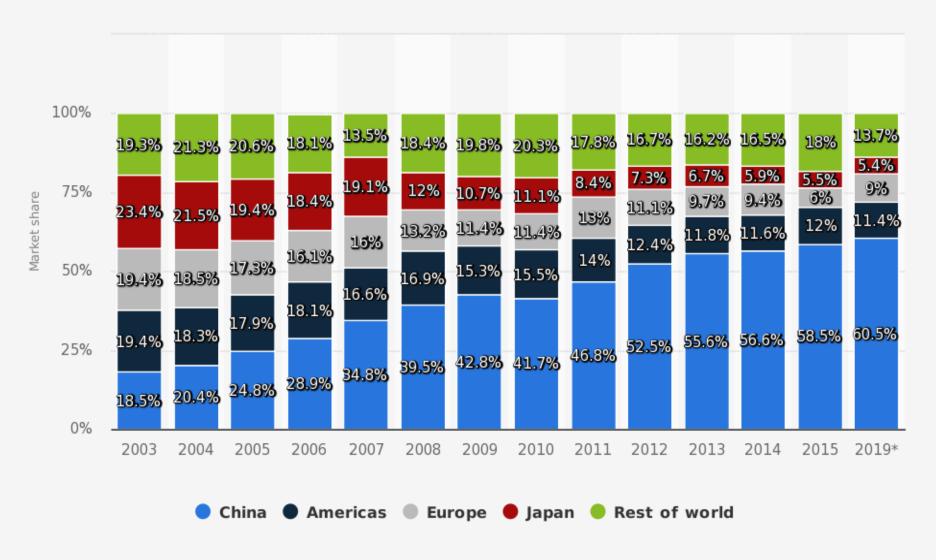


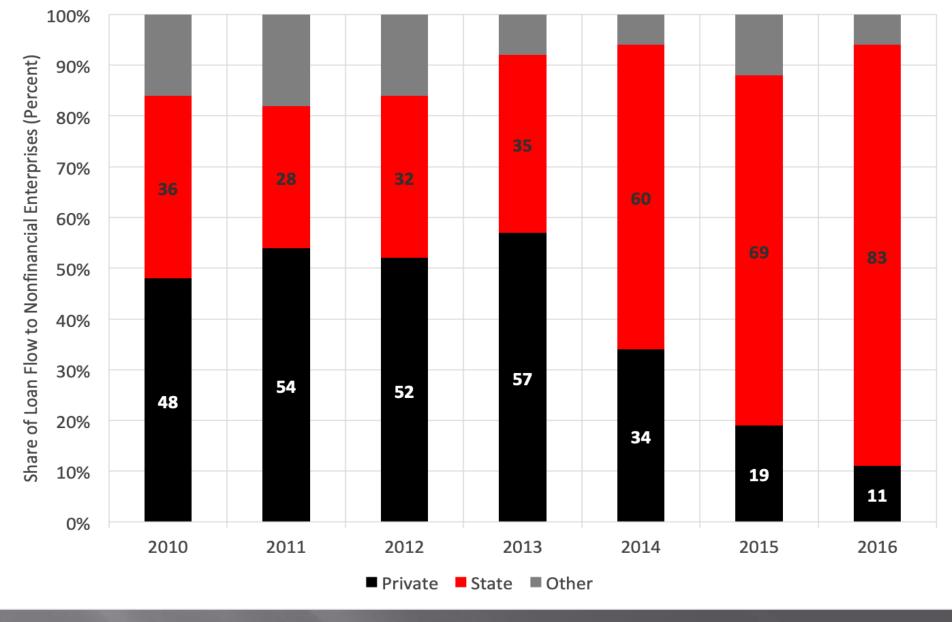
...Today's Top 20 Worldwide Internet Leaders *Today* = USA @ 11...China @ 9

Public / Private Internet Companies, Ranked by Market Valuation (5/29/18)

Rank _		Market Value (\$B)		
2018	Company	Region	5/29/13	5/29/18
1)	Apple	USA	\$418	\$924
2)	Amazon	USA	121	783
3)	Microsoft	USA	291	753
4)	Google / Alphabet	USA	288	739
5)	Facebook	USA	56	538
6)	Alibaba	China		509
7)	Tencent	China	71	483
8)	Netflix	USA	13	152
9)	Ant Financial	China		150
10)	eBay + PayPal*	USA	71	133
11)	Booking Holdings	USA	41	100
12)	Salesforce.com	USA	25	94
13)	Baidu	China	34	84
14)	Xiaomi	China		75
15)	Uber	USA		72
16)	Didi Chuxing	China		56
17)	JD.com	China		52
18)	Airbnb	USA		31
19)	Meituan-Dianping	China		30
20)	Toutiao	China		30
		Total	\$1,429	\$5,788

Semiconductor consumption market share worldwide, from 2003 to 2019, by region

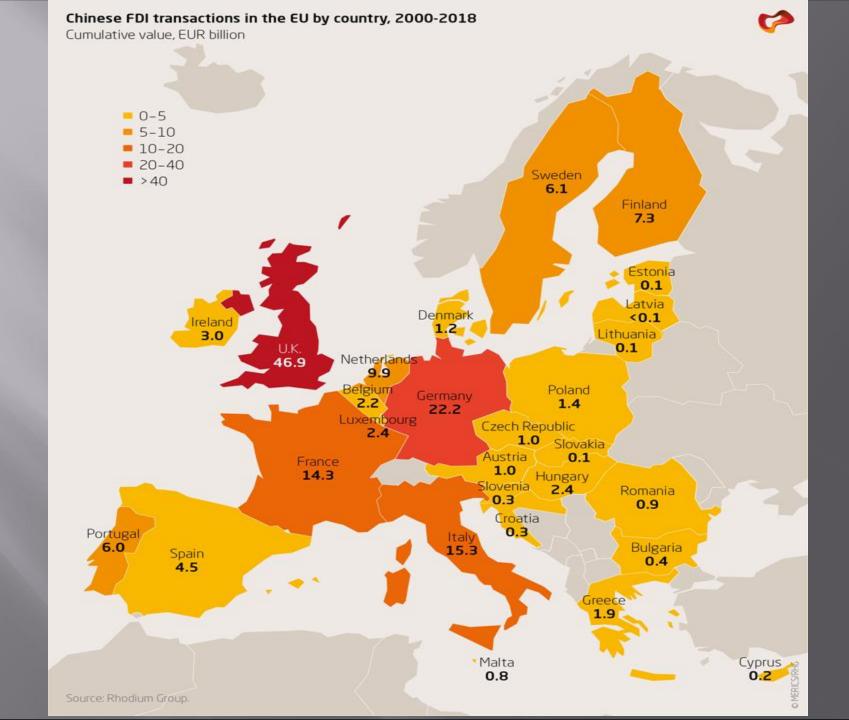




Share of China bank lending to firms by type, 2010-16

Проект "Один пояс, один путь" - новый "Шелковый путь" Китая





Спасибо за внимание